



TOUR REPORT – BIRDING IN CENTRAL STEPPE & GOBI DESERT OF MONGOLIA



Compiled by: Purevsuren Tsolmonjav

Tour dates: 12-27 June 2022

Participants: Purevsuren Tsolmonjav (leader),
Erik Mølgaard and Marianne Mølgaard (participants)

Brief Itinerary:

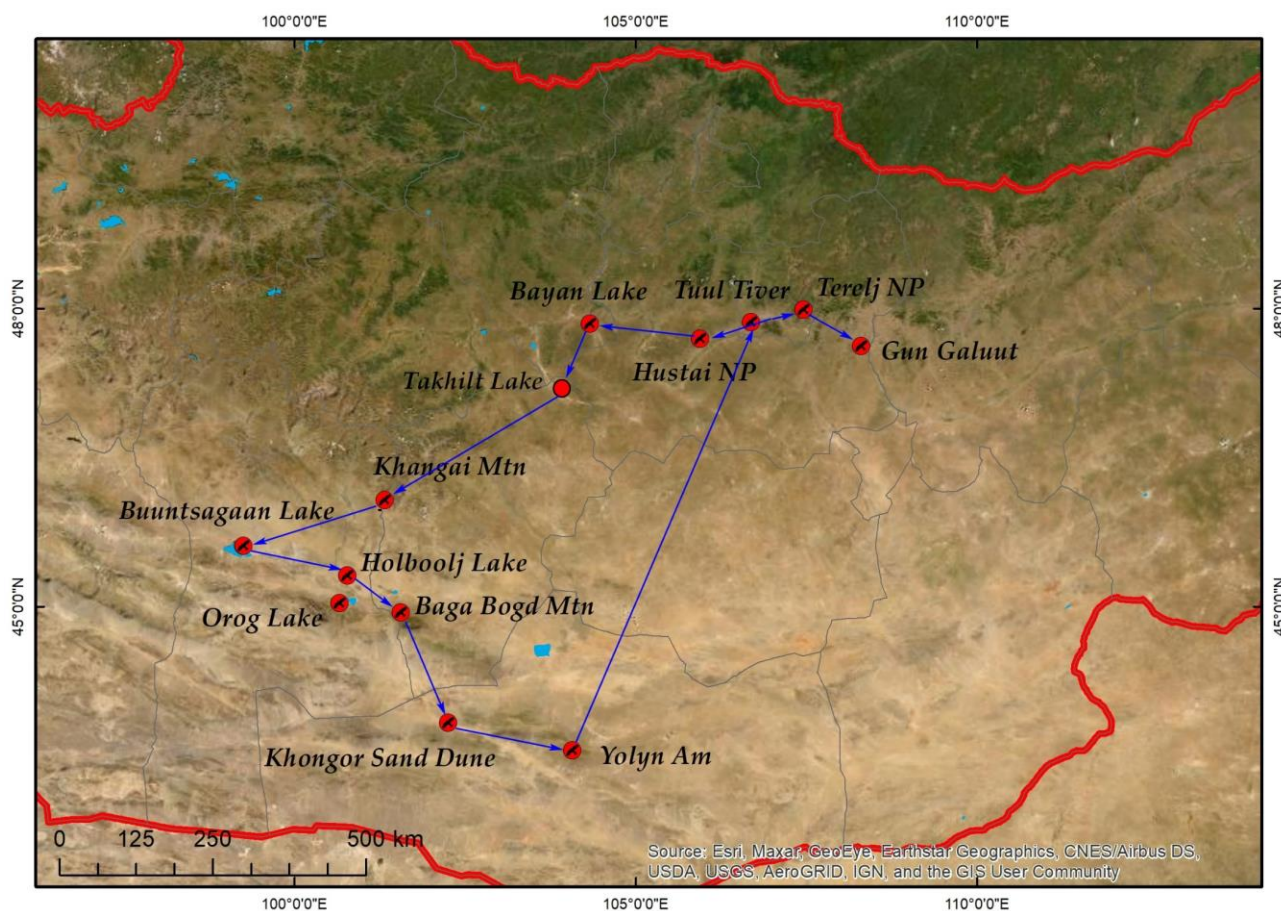
Day 1 (June 12): Ulaanbaatar - Terelj National Park
Day 2 (June 13): Gun Galuut Nature Reserve – Terelj National Park
Day 3 (June 14): Terelj National Park
Day 4 (June 15): Terelj National park - Ulaanbaatar – Hustai National Park
Day 5 (June 16): Hustai National Park – Bayan Lake – Takhilt Lake
Day 6 (June 17): Takhilt Lake – Khangai Mountain
Day 7 (June 18): Khangai Mountain – Buuntsagaan Lake
Day 8 (June 19): Buuntsagaan Lake
Day 9 (June 20): Buuntsagaan Lake - Holboolj Lake
Day 10 (June 21): Holboolj Lake – Baga Bogd Mountain
Day 11 (June 22): Baga Bogd Mountain – Khongor Sand Dune
Day 12 (June 23): Khongor Sand Dune
Day 13 (June 24): Khongor Sand Dune – Yolyn Am
Day 14 (June 25): Yolyn Am
Day 15 (June 26): Yolyn Am - Ulaanbaatar
Day 16 (June 27): Tuul River & UB pond

Bird highlights for the tour:

- | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. Black-billed Capercaillie | 21. Swan Goose |
| 2. Red-throated Thrush | 22. Bar-headed Goose |
| 3. Mongolian Lark | 23. Grey-tailed Tattler |
| 4. Steppe Eagle | 24. Pallas's Sandgrouse |
| 5. Stejneger's Scoter | 25. Saker Falcon |
| 6. White-naped Crane | 26. Grey-necked Bunting |
| 7. Siberian Rubythroat | 27. Sulphur-bellied Warbler |
| 8. Azure Tit | 28. Pallas's Fish Eagle |
| 9. Long-tailed Rosefinch | 29. White-throated Bushchat |
| 10. White-crowned Penduline Tit | 30. Blyth's Pipit |
| 11. Godlewski's Bunting | 31. Eversmann's Redstart |
| 12. Mongolian Finch | 32. White-winged Tern |
| 13. Wallcreeper | 33. Falcated Duck |
| 14. Barred Warbler | 34. Eastern Spot-billed Duck |
| 15. Beautiful Rosefinch | 35. Oriental Reed Warbler |
| 16. Mongolian Ground-jay | 36. Paddyfield Warbler |
| 17. Southern Grey Shrike | 37. Pallas's Bunting |
| 18. Desert Wheatear | 38. Amur Falcon |
| 19. Saxaul Sparrow | 39. Meadow Bunting |
| 20. Asian Desert Warbler | 40. Daurian Partridge |

Mammals seen during the tour:

- | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Goitered Gazelle | 8. Alashan Ground Squirrel |
| 2. Mongolian Gazelle | 9. Siberian Chipmunk |
| 3. Asiatic Wild Ass | 10. Long-eared Hedgehog |
| 4. Przewalski's Horse | 11. Red Fox |
| 5. Siberian Wapiti Deer | 12. Corsac Fox |
| 6. Mongolian Marmot | 13. Pallas's Pika |
| 7. Long-tailed Ground Squirrel | 14. Brandt's Vole |



Birding Tour Route in June 2022

DAY 1. Ulaanbaatar to Terelj National Park

Our tour participants arrived in Ulaanbaatar at around 7:30 am on June 12th, 2022 with the Turkish Airlines. After we met, we headed to the Terelj National Park directly via Tuv province. It took an hour and a half to reach our camp – Terelj Lodge. After checking in, Erik and Marianne needed to get some rest after a long flight from Istanbul to Ulaanbaatar. We had lunch at around 12:00 and walked around camp in the afternoon. We saw Common and Oriental Cuckoos, Common Rock Thrush, Isabelline Wheatear, Pine Bunting, Two-barred Greenish Warbler, Black Kite and Common Hoopoe during our walk.



Terelj Lodge ger camp (Photo by Erik Mølgaard)

DAY 2. Terelj National Park - Gun Galuut Nature Reserve – Terelj National Park

On the following morning, we got up at around 6:00 am. After breakfast, we drove farther north to see our target birds. We saw several singing male Siberian Rubythroats and two Chinese Grasshopper Warblers, aka Chinese Bush Warbler. Other birds we saw were Yellow-browed Warbler, Dusky Warbler, Lesser Whitethroat, Taiga Flycatcher, Bearded Vulture, Cinereous Vulture, Black-faced Bunting, Olive-backed Pipit, Citrine Wagtail, Grey Wagtail, White Wagtail, Brown Shrike, Eastern Buzzard, Common Kestrel, Steppe Eagle and Booted Eagle. We came back to the camp for lunch and went to the Gun Galuut Nature Reserve in the afternoon. We were supposed to stay in Gun Galuut for the following night, but the ger camp – Steppe Nomads was still closed due to not enough bookings in first half of June. It took about an hour to reach the Gun Galuut lake and we saw several Stejneger's

Scoters along with a single female Long-tailed Duck on the large lake. There was a recent sighting of Grey-tailed Tattler here, but it has already left the lake. After a few hours, we drove back to the Terelj Lodge camp.

DAY 3. Terelj National Park

After breakfast, we left the Terelj Lodge camp and headed to our Black-billed Capercaillie site which is a few dozen kilometers away. Our crew, two drivers and a cook, should have left UB in the morning and should be waiting for us at the camp site. After less than two hours of driving, we arrived at the camp site and our crew was waiting for us. It has been over 20 days since we were here during our previous birding tour. We checked around the camp for Black-billed Capercaillie, but no sign of them nearby camp. After lunch, we walked into the forest and saw Red-throated Thrush, Northern Goshawk on a nest, Orange-flanked Bluetail, Taiga Flycatcher, Pine Bunting, Olive-backed Pipit, Coal Tit, Willow Tit and Two-barred Greenish Warbler. But there was still no Black-billed Capercaillies. After returning to the camp, I decided to check areas we did not cover and I found no Capercaillies after a long and hard walk. At this time of the year, they should already have finished their mating display and moved somewhere else from the lekking site. Now we only hoped to see it early next morning if some of them are still performing mating display.



Our camp in Black-billed Capercaillie site (Photo by Erik Mølgaard)

DAY 4. Terelj National Park - Hustai National Park via UB

It has rained a lot during the night and it was still raining a little bit when we got up at around 5:00 am. After having coffee and tea, we walked into the forest to find Black-billed

Capercaillies for the last time before we moved on. We heard nothing, but we went farther north following a vehicle track. We did not see much and were about to go back to the camp as we lost our hope for the Capercaillie. Just before we were about to walk back, I heard a distant display call of a Black-billed Capercaillie from the farther north. I told it to the others and we followed the call. We kept walking and walking and finally located a displaying male Black-billed Capercaillie. It was about 570 meters away from the location where we initially heard of it. I told Erik and Marianne to get closer without me and they saw three males and a female quite well when they got closer. We returned to the camp with success and happily had our breakfast. When we were packing, I heard a song of Chinese Bush Warbler. So, I walked to the bushes and saw this secretive bird second time for the trip.

After breakfast, we packed and drove to the next place – Hustai National Park. We drove through Ulaanbaatar and had lunch on the steppe near Hustai camp. We saw numerous Mongolian Larks and a few Upland Buzzards on the way to Hustai. After we checked in the Hustai camp, we drove to the core area of Hustai National Park. We saw a plenty of Mongolian Marmots and some Long-tailed Ground Squirrels while driving. In the main valley, we saw Przewalski's Horses and Siberian Wapiti Deer. Birds we saw in the park were Golden Eagle, Steppe Eagle, Black Kite, Upland Buzzard, Amur Falcon, Eurasian Hobby, Daurian Partridge, Meadow Bunting, Mongolian Lark, Isabelline Wheatear, Saker Falcon, Eurasian Magpie, Carrion Crow, Common Raven, Rock sparrow, Tree Sparrow, Cinereous Vulture and Himalayan Vulture.

DAY 5. Hustai National Park – Bayan lake – Takhilt Lake

After breakfast, we left Hustai and drove to Bayan lake. Our crew was waiting for us on the northern side of the lake and we walked around the camp before lunch. We saw White-naped Crane, Common Crane, Demoiselle Crane, Swan Goose, Greylag Goose, Eastern Marsh Harrier, Eastern Spot-billed Duck, Mallard, Common Shelduck, Ruddy Shelduck, Mongolian Gull, Black-headed Gull, Oriental Reed Warbler, Paddyfield Warbler, Bearded Reedling, Eastern Yellow Wagtail, Pallas's Bunting, Common Reed Bunting and Pallas's Leaf Warbler during our stay at Bayan Lake.

After lunch, we drove to the Takhilt Lake which is located next to the Elsen Tasarkhai. We camped on the western side of the lake and watched birds from the camp site in the evening and the next morning. We saw Eastern Spot-billed Duck, Common Moorhen, a pair of Hen Harrier (which might be nesting in the area), Eastern Marsh Harrier, Arctic Loon (a nesting pair) Swan Goose, Bar-headed Goose, Mallard, Common Pochard, Common Teal, Ruddy Shelduck, Common Coot, Black-necked Grebe, Eurasian Spoonbill, Whooper Swan, Grey

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Heron, White-winged Tern, Barn Swallow, Collared Sand Martin and Tree Sparrow at and around the lake. A single Grey-tailed Tattler was feeding on the opposite shore.



Eastern Spot-billed Ducks at Takhilt Lake (Photo by Purevsuren Tsolmonjav)



Male and female Hen Harriers at Takhilt Lake (Photos by Purevsuren Tsolmonjav)

DAY 6. Takhilt Lake – Khangai Mountain

We checked the lake once again in the morning and two Black-crowned Night Herons (adult & immature) were added to the list. After breakfast, we drove to the Khangai Mountain to see White-throated Bushchat. We set up the camp at the same spot as before. Since we found

the nest site of White-throated Bushchat during a previous tour, it did not take a long time to find them.



A pair of White-throated Bushchat (Photos by Purevsuren Tsolmonjav)

We also visited the nearby larch forest as well and saw Blyth's Pipit, Cinereous Vulture, Steppe Eagle, Upland Buzzard, Rock Sparrow, Small Snowfinch, Horned lark, Northern Wheatear, Eversmann's Redstart, Greenish Warbler, Hume's Warbler, Common Rosefinch, Willow Tit, Daurian jackdaw, Saker Falcon and Common Rosefinch during our stay in the Khangai Mountain.

DAY 7. Khangai Mountain - Buuntsagaan Lake

After breakfast, we left Khangai Mountain and headed to the Buuntsagaan Lake. After buying some food supplies and petrol in Bayankhongor, we left the town and stopped for lunch next to the main road after a few kilometers of driving. We started seeing Pallas's Sandgrouses as we were getting close to the Buuntsagaan Lake. It was getting quite windy and it was impossible to set up our camp due to strong wind when we reached the Buuntsagaan Lake. So, we decided to stay in the wooden huts at the small camp near the

Baidrag River delta. Due to the wind, we could not go out and watch the birds around the lake.

DAY 8. Buuntsagaan Lake

It was calm and sunny day. Sp, I decided to check the narrow island along the lake shore. After about 30 minutes of scanning, I saw something like a Relict Gull with the spotting scope. So, I tried to get closer, but I lost it and could not find again. Soon after I spotted it again with my binoculars and it landed on the sandy shore soon. Yes, it was indeed a Relict Gull. I told our driver Chuka to go back to the camp and tell Erik and Marianne that I found a Relict Gull. But, the gull took off a few minutes after Chuka left and it flew towards the delta. Finally, it has gone out of my sight and it was very disappointing after finding a single Relict Gull among several thousands of Mongolian Gulls, Black-headed Gulls and other white birds. After 15-20 minutes, Erik and Marianne came and we scanned around the delta. But, we saw nothing and I decided to go with one car to the area where I initially spotted Relict Gull. I checked all the bird gatherings along the lake shore, but no sign of Relict Gull. When I was driving back, I saw something like a Relict Gull flying to the south from the delta area. It soon landed on the shore not far from me and it was a Relict Gull. I told the others that I found it again through radio. While they were on the way, it took off again and continued flying to the south. After several hundred meters, it landed again. When the others arrived, I showed it through the spotting scope and they said yes it looks bigger than Black-headed Gull some of which were next to the Relict Gull. I tried to remember some land markings near Relict Gull and we went to get closer. We stopped at the right location and Relict Gull was about 100 meters away from us. Luckily, it did not fly away again and gave us enough time to watch it and even take some photos.



Relict Gull at Buuntsagaan Lake (Photo by Purevsuren Tsolmonjav)

After lunch, we headed to the south to find Pallas's Fish Eagle. After driving several kilometers, we finally found two adult-like Pallas's Fish Eagles perched on the ground close to the lake shore.



Pallas's Fish Eagle (Photo by Erik Mølgaard)

In 2017, I drove all the way around the Buuntsagaan Lake and have seen 10 Pallas's Fish Eagles in total. Pallas's Fish Eagle was once thought to be breeding in Mongolia, but no one has ever found the nest. They just arrive in Mongolia as non-breeding summer visitors and spend a few months around lakes with abundant fishes. Their breeding takes place from September-February in northern India and Myanmar.

Other birds we saw at and around the Buuntsagaan Lake were Pallas's Gull, Mongolian Gull, Black-headed Gull, Caspian Tern, Common Tern, White-winged Tern, Whiskered Tern, Red-crested Pochard, Common Pochard, Northern Shoveler, Great Cormorant, Grey Heron, Great White Egret, Kentish Plover, Greater Sand Plover, Common Redshank, Northern Lapwing, Black-winged Stilt, Pallas's Sandgrouse, Eurasian Skylark, Tree sparrow, Horned Lark, Swan Goose, Bar-headed Goose, Greylag Goose, Greater Short-toed Lark, Asian Short-toed Lark, Isabelline Wheatear and Rosy Starling. We saw two more Pallas's Fish Eagle at the delta following morning.

DAY 9. Buuntsagaan Lake – Holboolj Lake

We left the Buuntsagaan Lake after breakfast and headed to the Holboolj Lake. I suggested to skip the Orog Lake as there are no any interesting birds to see. We all agreed to camp at

the Holboolj Lake for one night. We filled our car tanks in a small town called Jinst and stopped for lunch along the Tuin River. Because of the dry summer, the river was not flowing. Pallas's Sandgrouses were flying around us for water while we were having lunch. Erik managed to take some inflight photos.



Pallas's Sandgrouses (Photo by Erik Mølgaard)

After about an hour of driving, we arrived at the Holboolj Lake. As it was quite hot, we stayed at the camp in the afternoon. When it cooled down, we drove around the lake and saw Common Crane, Ruddy Shelduck, Swan Goose, Bar-headed Goose, Greylag Goose, Common Shelduck, Pied Avocet, Black-winged Stilt, Northern Lapwing, Curlew Sandpiper, Eurasian Curlew, Black-tailed Godwit, Common Redshank, Kentish Plover, Greater Sand Plover, Gull-billed Tern, Common Tern, White-winged Tern, Grey Heron and Eurasian Spoonbill.

DAY 10. Holboolj Lake – Baga Bogd Mountain

After breakfast, we moved on to the next destination – Baga Bogd Mountain. On the way, we stopped for petrol and drinking water in Baruun Bayan-Ulaan town. We arrived in the valley at noon and had lunch afterwards. It has been very dry in this region this summer. The local man said that there is a few Altai Snowcocks on the slope where we used to see numerous Altai Snowcocks before and they have moved higher altitude in search of better grasses. We walked along the valley in the late afternoon and saw Grey-necked Bunting, Sulphur-bellied Warbler, Golden Eagle, Bearded Vulture and Black Redstart. But no sign of Altai Snowcocks. I found a group of Argali Sheep, mostly females and lambs in the other

valley and called Erik and Marianne to show them. We also saw a small herd of Siberian Ibex on the high slope before getting dark.



Our camp in Baga Bogd Mountain

DAY 11. Baga Bogd Mountain – Khongor Sand Dune

We walked up the valley and scanned the slope for about two hours and we did not see any Altai Snowcock. We used to see around 10 Altai Snowcocks in the valley without much effort before. But, it was an unusual dry summer that caused Altai Snowcocks to move away. After breakfast, we packed and left the mountain. On the way, we saw a few Mongolian Ground-jay among some big bushes. We stopped for petrol in Bogd town and continued driving to the Khongor Sand Dune. We had a lunch stop in the valley of Arts Bogd Mountain where the temperature was like 27 degree Celsius. After we crossed the Arts Bogd Mountain, the temperature rose drastically and it was 37-39 degree Celsius. A big difference between two sides of Arts Bogd Mountain range. We stopped by the Saxaul forest where we found Asian Desert Warbler during the last birding trip. After few minutes of search, we found it and saw quite well. It took about another hour to finally reach our camp – Gobi Erdene near Khongor Sand Dune.



Gobi Erdene camp (Photo by Erik Mølgaard)

DAY 12. Khongor Sand Dune

After early breakfast, we drove to the Saxaul forest. We saw several Saxaul Sparrows as well as Southern Grey Shrike, Desert Wheatear, Long-legged Buzzard and Pallas's Sandgrouses in and around Saxaul forest.



A male Saxaul Sparrow (Photo by Erik Mølgaard)

Then, we drove to the site for Mongolian Ground-jay. We checked several dry river beds, but no sign of Mongolian Ground-jay. We checked more dry river beds with bigger bushes and finally I heard a calling Mongolian Ground-jay. I stopped the car and looked to the area where the call came from and saw a Mongolian Ground-jay taking a short flight. We got closer to it and it nested in the large wild almond bush. It was feeding on the ground, then it posed well on the bush top for us. A small bird came out of the bush and it was an Asian Desert Warbler which nested in the same bush. It was already quite hot and we went back to the camp.



Mongolian Ground-jay photographed during the trip (Photo by Purevsuren Tsolmonjav)

DAY 13. Khongor Sand Dune – Yolyn Am

After breakfast, we left the Gobi Erdene camp and headed to our next camp near Yolyn Am. We saw 34 Asiatic Wild Ass, 2 Mongolian Gazelles and several Goitered Gazelles on the way. We reached the camp – Gobi Nomad in the afternoon. When it cooled down, we went to look for Oriental Plover, but we could not find any after an intensive search covering a large area.

DAY 14. Yolyn Am

After early breakfast, we drove to Yolyn Am and visited Mukhar Shivert valley afterwards. We saw Wallcreeper, Beautiful Rosefinch, Kozlov's Accentor, Brown Accentor, Godlewski's Bunting, Black Redstart, White-winged Snowfinch, Mongolian Finch, Twite, Rock Sparrow,

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Isabelline Wheatear, Blyth's Pipit, Himalayan Vulture, Bearded Vulture, Crag Martin and Barred Warbler in these valleys. We had lunch in Mukhar Shivert valley and went down to the steppe to look for Oriental Plover again. We drove around a lot, but again no luck.

DAY 15. Yolyn Am – DZ - Ulaanbaatar

We left Gobi Nomad ger camp after breakfast and stopped for petrol in DZ. We saw several Crested Larks by the road near petrol station. On the way, I saw a wader which looked like an Oriental Plover on the road shoulder, but it took off and flew away when we tried to pull over. It took 7 hours to reach the hotel in UB.

DAY 16. Tuul River & UB pond

I picked up Erik and Marianne at around 7:30 am and we went to the UB pond first. We tried to find Yellow-breasted Bunting here, but they are no longer breeding in the area due to habitat alteration. We saw White-crowned Penduline-tit, Richard's Pipit, Common Tern, Tufted Duck, Oriental Reed Warbler (heard only) and Long-tailed Rosefinch. We went back to the hotel area and saw Long-tailed Rosefinch, Azure Tit, Azure-winged Magpie, White-cheeked Starling, Black Kite, Rook, Daurian Jackdaw, Amur Falcon and Common Merganser.



A male Long-tailed Rosefinch (Photo by Erik Mølgaard)

This was the end of our tour and we took our clients to the hotel. We would like to thank our clients – Erik and Marianne from Denmark for travelling with us and we wish you all the best.

Full species list:

№	COMMON NAME	LATIN NAME	SIGHTING LOCATION
	Order: GALLIFORMES		
	Family: Phasianidae		
1.	Chukar	<i>Alectoris chukar</i>	Gobi Gurvan Saikhan
2.	Daurian Partridge	<i>Perdix dauurica</i>	Hustai NationalPark
3.	Black-billed Capercaillie	<i>Tetrao urogalloides</i>	Terelj National Park
	Order: ANSERIFORMES		
	Family: Anatidae		
4.	Whooper Swan	<i>Cygnus cygnus</i>	Gun Galuut
5.	Bar-headed Goose	<i>Anser indicus</i>	Multiple steppe lakes
6.	Greylag Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>	Multiple steppe lakes
7.	Swan Goose	<i>Anser cygnoid</i>	Multiple steppe lakes
8.	Long-tailed Duck	<i>Clangula hyemalis</i>	Gun Galuut
9.	Siberian Scoter	<i>Melanitta stejnegeri</i>	Gun Galuut
10.	Common Merganser	<i>Mergus merganser</i>	Terelj River
11.	Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>	Bayan Lake & Holboolj Lake
12.	Ruddy Shelduck	<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>	Multiple steppe lakes
13.	Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
14.	Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
15.	Tufted Duck	<i>Aythya fuligula</i>	UB pond
16.	Northern Shoveler	<i>Spatula chlypeata</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
17.	Falcated Duck	<i>Mareca falcata</i>	Gun Galuut
18.	Gadwall	<i>Mareca strepera</i>	UB pond
19.	Chinese Spot-billed Duck	<i>Anas zonorhyncha</i>	Bayan Lake & Takhilt Lake
20.	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	Multiple steppe lakes
21.	Common Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>	Takhilt Lake
	Order: PODICIPEDIFORMES		
	Family: Podicipedidae		
22.	Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>	UB pond
23.	Black-necked Grebe	<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>	Takhilt Lake
	Order: COLUMBIFORMES		
	Family: Columbidae		
24.	Rock Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>	Yolyn Am
25.	Hill Pigeon	<i>Columba rupestris</i>	Yolyn Am
26.	Eurasian Collared-dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	Tuul River
	Order: PTEROCLIFORMES		
	Family: Pteroclididae		
27.	Pallas's Sandgrouse	<i>Syrrhaptes paradoxus</i>	Gobi Desert

№	COMMON NAME	LATIN NAME	SIGHTING LOCATION
	Order: CAPRIMULGIFORMES		
	Family: Apodidae		
28.	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	Khangai Mountain
29.	Pacific Swift	<i>Apus pacificus</i>	Khangai Mountain
	Order: CUCULIFORMES		
	Family: Cuculidae		
30	Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>	Terelj National Park
31	Oriental Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus optatus</i>	Terelj National Park
	Order: GRUIFORMES		
	Family: Rallidae		
32.	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	Takhilt Lake
33.	Common Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>	Takhilt Lake
	Family: Gruidae		
34.	White-naped Crane	<i>Antigone vipio</i>	Bayan Lake & Takhilt Lake
35.	Demoiselle Crane	<i>Anthropoides virgo</i>	Multiple steppe lakes
36.	Common Crane	<i>Grus grus</i>	Bayan Lake
	Order: GAVIIFORMES		
	Family: Gaviidae		
37.	Arctic Loon	<i>Gavia arctica</i>	Takhilt Lake
	Order: PELECANIFORMES		
	Family: Threskiornithidae		
38.	Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>	Holboolj and Takhilt Lakes
	Family: Ardeidae		
39.	Black-crowned Night-heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	Takhilt Lake
40.	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	Multiple steppe lakes
41.	Great White Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
	Order: SULIFORMES		
	Family: Phalacrocoracidae		
42.	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
	Order: CHARADRIIFORMES		
	Family: Recurvirostridae		
43.	Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	Holboolj Lake
44.	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	Buuntsagaan and Holboolj Lakes
	Family: Charadriidae		
45.	Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	Holboolj Lake
46.	Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>	Holboolj & Buuntsagaan Lakes
47.	Greater Sandplover	<i>Charadrius leschenaultii</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
48.	Oriental Plover	<i>Charadrius veredus</i>	On the way to UB
49.	Northern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>	Holboolj & Buuntsagaan Lakes
	Family: Scolopacidae		
50.	Eurasian Curlew	<i>Numenius arquata</i>	Gun Galuut & Holboolj Lake
51.	Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>	Holboolj Lake

№	COMMON NAME	LATIN NAME	SIGHTING LOCATION
52.	Curlew Sandpiper	<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>	Holboolj Lake & Bayan Lake
53.	Grey-tailed Tattler	<i>Tringa brevipes</i>	Takhilt Lake
54.	Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>	Multiple steppe lakes
Family: Laridae			
55.	Relict Gull	<i>Larus relictus</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
56.	Black-headed Gull	<i>Larus ridibundus</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
57.	Pallas's Gull	<i>Larus ichthyaetus</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
58.	Mongolian Gull	<i>Larus mongolicus</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
59.	Caspian Tern	<i>Hydroprogne caspia</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
60.	Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
61.	White-winged Tern	<i>Chlidonias leucopterus</i>	Multiple steppe lakes
62.	Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>	Holboolj Lake
63.	Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	Multiple steppe lakes
Order: ACCIPITRIFORMES			
Family: Accipitridae			
64.	Bearded Vulture	<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	Yolyn Am & Terelj NP
65.	Himalayan Griffon	<i>Gyps himalayensis</i>	Yolyn Am
66.	Cinereous Vulture	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>	Multiple locations
67.	Steppe Eagle	<i>Aquila nipalensis</i>	Multiple locations
68.	Golden Eagle	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>	Hustai National Park & Baga Bogd
69.	Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraetus pennatus</i>	Terelj National Park
70.	Eastern Marsh-harrier	<i>Circus spilonotus</i>	Bayan Lake & Takhilt Lake
71.	Hen Harrier	<i>Circus cyaneus</i>	Takhilt Lake
72.	Northern Goshawk	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>	Terelj National Park
73.	Pallas's Fish-eagle	<i>Haliaeetus leucoryphus</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
74.	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	Multiple locations
75.	Eastern Buzzard	<i>Buteo japonicus</i>	Terelj national Park
76.	Long-legged Buzzard	<i>Buteo rufinus</i>	Khongor Sand Dune
77.	Upland Buzzard	<i>Buteo hemilasius</i>	Hustai National Park
Order: BUCEROTIIFORMES			
Family: Upupidae			
78.	Common Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	Terelj National Park
Order: PICIFORMES			
Family: Picidae			
79.	Eurasian Wryneck	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>	Terelj National Park
80.	Lesser Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates minor</i>	Tuul River
81.	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>	Terelj National Park
Order: FALCONIFORMES			
Family: Falconidae			
82.	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	Terelj National park
83.	Amur Falcon	<i>Falco amurensis</i>	Hustai National park & Tuul River
84.	Eurasian Hobby	<i>Falco subbuteo</i>	Hustai National park

№	COMMON NAME	LATIN NAME	SIGHTING LOCATION
85.	Saker Falcon	<i>Falco cherrug</i>	Khangai Mountain
	Order: PASSERIFORMES		
	Family: Laniidae		
86.	Isabelline Shrike	<i>Lanius isabellinus</i>	Khongor Sand Dune
87.	Brown Shrike	<i>Lanius cristatus</i>	Terelj National Park
88.	Southern Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius excubitor pallidostris</i>	Khongor Sand Dune
	Family: Corvidae		
89.	Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>	Yolyn Am
90.	Azure-winged Magpie	<i>Cyanopica cyanus</i>	Tuul River
91.	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>	Terelj National Park
92.	Mongolian Ground-jay	<i>Podoces hendersoni</i>	Khongor Sand Dune
93.	Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	Hustai National Park
94.	Daurian Jackdaw	<i>Corvus dauuricus</i>	Terelj National Park
95.	Eurasian Rook	<i>Corvus frugilegus</i>	Terelj national Park
96.	Common Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	Multiple locations
97.	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>	Hustai National Park
	Family: Paridae		
98.	Willow Tit	<i>Poecile montanus</i>	Terelj National Park
99.	Coal Tit	<i>Periparus ater</i>	Terelj National Park
100.	Azure Tit	<i>Cyanistes cyanus</i>	Terelj River & Tuul River
101.	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	Terelj River & Tuul River
	Family: Remizidae		
102.	White-crowned Penduline-tit	<i>Remiz coronatus</i>	Tuul River
	Family: Alaudidae		
103.	Asian Short-toed Lark	<i>Alaudala cheleensis</i>	Gun Galuut & Khongor Sand Dune
104.	Greater Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
105.	Mongolian Lark	<i>Melanocorypha mongolica</i>	Multiple locations
106.	Horned lark	<i>Eremophila alpestris</i>	Multiple locations
107.	Eurasian Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
108.	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	Dalanzadgad
	Family: Panuridae		
109.	Bearded Reedling	<i>Panurus biarmicus</i>	Bayan Lake
	Family: Acrocephalidae		
110.	Paddyfield Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus agricola</i>	Bayan Lake
111.	Oriental Reed-warbler	<i>Acrocephalus orientalis</i>	Bayan Lake
	Family: Locustellidae		
112.	Chinese Grasshopper-warbler	<i>Locustella tacsanowskia</i>	Terelj National Park
	Family: Hirundinidae		
113.	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	Bayan Lake
114.	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>	Yolyn Am & Baga Bogd
115.	Collared Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	Takhilt Lake
	Family: Phylloscopidae		

№	COMMON NAME	LATIN NAME	SIGHTING LOCATION
115.	Yellow-browed Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus inornatus</i>	Terelj National Park
116.	Hume's Leaf-warbler	<i>Phylloscopus humei</i>	Khangai Mountain
117.	Pallas's Leaf-warbler	<i>Phylloscopus proregulus</i>	Bayan Lake
118.	Dusky Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus fuscatus</i>	Terelj National Park
119.	Sulphur-bellied Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus griseolus</i>	Baga Bogd Mountain
120.	Greenish Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochiloides</i>	Khangai Mountain
121.	Two-barred Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus plumbeitarsus</i>	Terelj National Park
Family: Sylviidae			
122.	Asian Desert Warbler	<i>Sylvia nana</i>	Gobi Desert
123.	Barred Warbler	<i>Sylvia nisoria</i>	Mukhar Shivert valley
124.	Lesser Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia curruca</i>	Hustai National Park
Family: Sittidae			
125.	Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>	Khangai Mountain
126.	Wallcreeper	<i>Tichodroma muraria</i>	Yolyn Am
Family: Sturnidae			
127.	Rosy Starling	<i>Pastor roseus</i>	Buuntsagaan Lake
128.	White-cheeked Starling	<i>Spodiopsar cineraceus</i>	Tuul River
Family: Turdidae			
129.	Rufous-throated Thrush	<i>Turdus ruficollis</i>	Terelj National Park
Family: Muscicapidae			
130.	Siberian Rubythroat	<i>Calliope calliope</i>	Terelj National Park
131.	Orange-flanked Bluetail	<i>Tarsiger cyanurus</i>	Terelj National Park
132.	Taiga Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula albicilla</i>	Terelj National Park
133.	Eversmann's Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus erythronotus</i>	Khangai Mountain
134.	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>	Yolyn Am
135.	Daurian Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus aureoreus</i>	Terelj National Park
136.	Rufous-tailed Rock-thrush	<i>Monticola saxatilis</i>	Arts Bogd & Baga Bogd
137.	White-throated Bushchat	<i>Saxicola insignis</i>	Khangai Mountain
138.	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>	Khangai Mtn
139.	Isabelline Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe isabellina</i>	Multiple locations
140.	Desert Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe deserti</i>	Khongor Sand Dune
141.	Pied Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe pleschanka</i>	Yolyn Am
Family: Prunellidae			
142.	Brown Accentor	<i>Prunella fulvescens</i>	Yolyn Am & Khangai Mountain
143.	Mongolian Accentor	<i>Prunella koslowi</i>	Yolyn Am
Family: Passeridae			
144.	Saxaul Sparrow	<i>Passer ammodendri</i>	Khongor Sand Dune
145.	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	Multiple towns
146.	Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>	Multiple locations
147.	Rock Sparrow	<i>Petronia petronia</i>	Yolyn Am
148.	White-winged Snowfinch	<i>Montifringilla nivalis</i>	Yolyn Am
149.	Small Snowfinch	<i>Pyrgilauda davidiana</i>	Khangai Mountain

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150.	Olive-backed Pipit	<i>Anthus hodgsoni</i>	Terelj National Park
151.	Water Pipit	<i>Anthus spinoletta</i>	Khangai Mountain
152.	Richard's Pipit	<i>Anthus richardi</i>	UB pond
153.	Blyth's Pipit	<i>Anthus godlewskii</i>	Khangai Mountain
154.	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>	Terelj National Park
155.	Citrine Wagtail	<i>Motacilla citreola</i>	Terelj National Park
156.	Eastern Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla tschutschensis</i>	Bayan Lake
157.	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	Terelj National Park
Family: Fringillidae			
158.	Common Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus erythrinus</i>	Khangai Mountain
159.	Beautiful Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus pulcherrimus</i>	Yolyn Am & Mukhar Shivert
160.	Long-tailed Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus sibiricus</i>	Tuul River & UB pond
161.	Mongolian Finch	<i>Bucanetes mongolicus</i>	Yolyn Am
162.	Eurasian Twite	<i>Linaria flavirostris</i>	Yolyn Am
Family: Emberizidae			
163.	Meadow Bunting	<i>Emberiza cioides</i>	Hustai National Park
164.	Godlewski's Bunting	<i>Emberiza godlewskii</i>	Yolyn Am
165.	Grey-necked Bunting	<i>Emberiza buchanani</i>	Baga Bogd Mountain
166.	Pine Bunting	<i>Emberiza leucocephalos</i>	Terelj National Park
167.	Reed Bunting	<i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i>	Bayan Lake
168.	Pallas's Bunting	<i>Emberiza pallasii</i>	Bayan Lake
169.	Black-faced Bunting	<i>Emberiza spodocephala</i>	Terelj National Park